City of Crystal River



Minutes from the Special Workshop [Cross Connection & Grease (F.O.G.) Ordinance] held Thursday, September 6th, 2018 @ 1:00 p.m.



Minutes of the Crystal River City Council Special Workshop: Cross-Connection & Grease (FOG) Ordinance Thursday, September 6, 2018 @ 1:00 p.m. Council Chamber, City Hall

1. CALL TO ORDER Mayor - Mayor Farley called the workshop to order at 1:00 p.m.

A. Roll Call- Mayor Jim Farley and Council Member Robert Holmes.

2. <u>ADOPTION OF AGENDA</u> Council member Holmes moved to adopt the agenda, Mayor Farley seconded the motion. Motion carried 2-0.

3. CROSS-CONNECTION CONTROL ORDINANCE

A. Need for Ordinance – Chris Saliba of US Water presented information on the need for an ordinance (see Attachment A). Joe Mittauer presented information related to backflow devices (see Attachment B). Mr. Saliba provided a backflow device for the Council to examine. Mr. Saliba presented information on backpressure devices. Mr. Saliba showed the Council a double check backflow device. Mr. Saliba discussed testing of the backflow devices. Mr. Saliba showed council photos of current issues with grease backups that have been repaired in the City. Brandon Buckingham of Advanced Septic spoke about current issues related sanitary septic overflows within the City. Mr. Buckingham spoke about a recent issue near Hardwood Smokehouse because of grease trap failures (see attachment I). Also see attachments C-I.

Council member Holmes asked if there was anything on the books now that requires grease traps for businesses. Mr. Saliba provided information as to what the current ordinance states.

- B. Discussion of Draft Ordinance Mr. Saliba presented information related to the draft ordinance.
- C. Funding of Implementation This item was briefly discussed under item 4C.
- D. Decisions to be made Mayor Farley and Council member Holmes stated that they felt the council would support the implantation of this ordinance.

4. GREASE (FOG) ORDINANCE (FOG = Fats, Oils, Grease)

- A. Need for Ordinance Joe Mittauer presented information on the need for the FOG ordinance. Council member Holmes asked if there was an ordinance on the books for motor oil drainage. Currently there is a very vague and general addressing of motor oil.
- B. Discussion of Draft Ordinance Mr. Mittauer presented information on the draft ordinance. Discussion related to the draft ordinance. The Mayor and Council member Holmes asked questions related to the draft ordinance.

- C. Funding of Implementation Mr. Mittauer explained how the funding for the project would work. Mr. Mittauer stated the council would need to decide if there would be a fee charged. Mr. Mittauer explained options to implement a fee. Council member Holmes suggested staff handle things related to bringing forth the ordinance.
- D. Decisions to be made Mr. Mittauer presented Council with some of the decisions to be made.

5. ADJOURNMENT

Mayor Farley adjourned the meeting at 1:50 p.m.

CITY OF CRYSTAL RIVER

ATTEST:

LISA MORRIS, DEPUTY CLERK

JIM FARLEY, MAYOR

ATTACHMENT "A"

City of Crystal River Cross-Connection Control and Backflow Prevention



Overview

- History & Regulation
- What Causes Backflow
- Types of Back Flow
- Backflow Prevention

- What does this mean to me?
- Reports
- Enforcement
- Summary







Safe Drinking Water Act

- SDWA Safe Drinking Water Act Established in 1974
- City of Crystal River has an existing policy for Backflow and Cross-Connection



IS Water

A study conducted by the University of Southern California Foundation for Cross-Connection Control and Hydraulic Research (USCFCCHR), discovered that 9.6% of the homes included in the study group had direct health hazards cross-connections.



What Causes Backflow

 Backflow is the potential cross contamination of a contaminant into a potable water supply caused by the reversal of flow of water or mixture of water and / or other substances into the distribution pipes of the potable water supply from any other source or sources.

There are two conditions that can cause a backflow:

- Back-Siphonage
- Back-Pressure







Back-Siphonage

What is back-siphonage?

Back-siphonage is the reversal of normal flow in a systems caused by a negative pressure (vacuum or partial vacuum) in the supply piping.

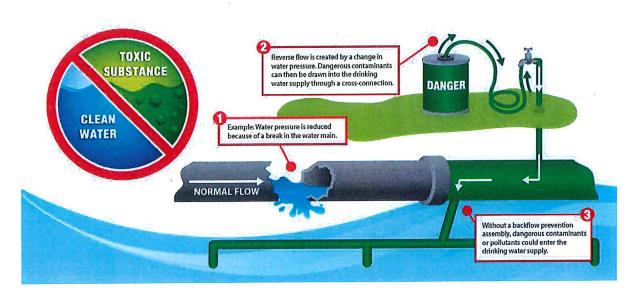


What factors can cause back-siphonage?

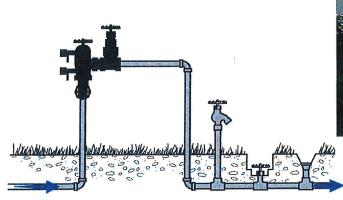
Back-siphonage can be created when there is a stoppage of the water supply due to nearby fire fighting, repairs or breaks in city main, etc. The effect is similar to sipping through a straw, which induces a flow in the opposite direction by creating a lower pressure zone.

U.S. Water

Back-Siphonage



Back-Siphonage









Back-Pressure



What is Back-Pressure?

Back-pressure is a reversal in flow that occurs when the pressure downstream increases over the system pressure and causes a reversal in flow of water.



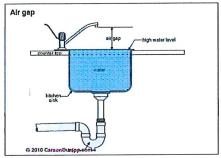


Air Gap

Air Gap – required at or for service connections conveying water to a tank or waste discharges; provides maximum protection if not altered and must be available for inspections.











Backflow Preventer Selection

• Backflow Selection should consider:

- Level of Hazard
 - High
 - · Health hazard
 - Contaminant
 - · Impairs water quality
 - · Will cause sickness of death
 - Low
 - Non-health hazard
 - Pollutant
 - · Impairs water quality
 - · Will not cause sickness of death





So What Does All This Mean to Me?

Water Meter Replacement Program

- The City is actively seeking grant funding to complete a city-wide water meter replacement program
- Residential backflow prevention is incorporated into the meter change out program
- Revenue will likely increase after meter change out program
- Most connections have a dual check valve that will be replaced







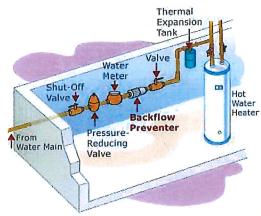




So What Does All This Mean to Me?

Residential

- City will purchase and install the devices on ALL residential connections
- City will test, repair and maintain the assemblies biennially (every two years)
- Thermal protection provided as required







So What Does All This Mean to Me?



Commercial

- Owners must provide and install required devices
- Owners must test, repair and maintain assemblies annually



Services Corneration

Questions?







Introduction of Proposed Ordinances

August 13, 2018

- 1. Cross Connection Control
- 2. FOG Fats, Oils & Grease



Prepared by Mittauer & Associates, Inc. Consulting Engineers

Cross Connection Control

- Ordinance is required by FDEP
- Prevents backflow contamination from entering the drinking water distribution system







,

Cross Connection Control

- The City is considering installing backflow prevention devices on all residential connections.
- Funding will be from the FL DEP and the rate base.
- Commercial customers will supply their own devices



ယ

Why regulate FOG?



Grease that was poured down kitchen drains & from poorly maintained grease traps

- Clogs sewer pipes & pump stations
- Causes backups and overflows
- Can create serious problems at sewer treatment facility

Costly to City



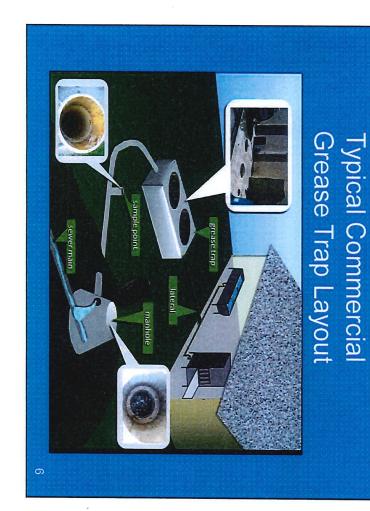
2

FOG Ordinance may include

- Scheduled clean-out of grease traps
- Periodic Inspections
- Design requirements
- Transition time for existing facilities







blue waters.

Let's Join forces to protect our "AQUA" culture—the union of our green city and our

GREASE WESS MONST'ER!

He's a nasty public enemy-known for causing sewer overflows and discharges of dangerous partially-treated effluent?



STOP GREASE AT THE SINK!

Protecting our water is as easy as 1-2-3! I. WIPE grease from pans, using squeegees or

1. WIPE grease from pans, using squeegees or paper towels. 2. Pour cooled grease in CONTAINERS.

3. Always place food scraps in collection CONTAINERS.

Remember—a drain is NOT proper grease disposal! Help to educate others.
The base picture shown above is an actual photo of grease balls removed from Cedar Key's sewers.

Cedar Key Water and Sewer District: 352-543-5285 <u>www.ckwater.org</u>

Vancesa Edmunds Graphic Designs

CEDAR KEY WATER AND SEWER DISTRICT COOKING OIL RECYCLING SERVICE

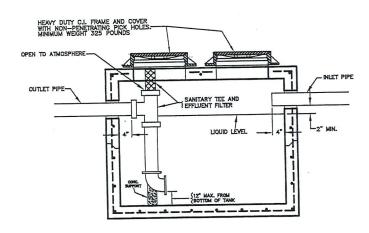
SAVE RESOURCES AND

KEEP YOUR WASTEWATER SYSTEM WORKING PROPERLY

RECYCLE YOUR USED COOKING OIL IN THE BLACK CONTAINER NEXT TO THE DISTRICT BUILDING FACING C STREET

REMEMBER! NEVER PUT COOKING OIL DOWN THE DRAIN IT CLOGS WASTEWATER PIPES AND PUMPS





1. ALL PIPING SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 4" PVC. 2. PIPING SHALL BE INSTALLED USING A CONCRETE MANHOLE ADAPTER.

3. SANTARY 'T' OUTLET SHALL BE INSTALLED A "INSTALLED A" HISIDE OF WALL 4. TANK SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 750 GALLONS, AND A MAXIMUM OF 1250 GALLONS.

TANK SHALL BE TRAFFIC BEARING AND CONCRETE SHALL COMPLY WITH ASTM C 478, LATEST REVISION.

5. WALLS & BOTTOM SLABS SHALL BE MINIMUM 4" THICK REINFORCED CONCRETE.

6. WALLS & BOTTOM SLABS SHALL BE MINIMUM 4" THICK REINFORCED CONCRETE.
7. TOP SLAB SHALL BE A MINIMUM 6" THICK REINFORCED CONCRETE.
8. SECTIONS SHALL BE JOINED AND SEALED WITH MINIMUM 1" "RAM—NEK"
SEALER OR EQUINALENT TO FORM A WATER THORT SEAL.
9. RISER JOINTS SHALL COMPLY WITH ASTM C 443, LATEST REVISION.
10. EFFLUENT FILER SHALL BE SIZED BY THE ENGINEER AND INSTALLED
AT LOCATIONS STIPULATED BY THE LID. ZABEL ASOD—8 SERIES OR APPROVED EQUAL.

11. WHEN THE REQUIRED EFFECTIVE CAPACITY OF THE TANK IS GREATER THAN 1250 GALLONS, INSTALLATION OF MULTIPLE GREASE TRAPS IN SERIES IS REQUIRED.

12. GREASE TRAP DESIGN SHALL CONFORM TO F.A.C. 64E-6.013 (8)

13. IF THE FACILITIES INCLUDE FOOD PREPARATION AND LAUNDRY SERVICES, THE GREASE TRAP SHALL BE LARGE ENOUGH TO COOL THE SOLUTIONS SO GREASE IS NOT PASSED THROUGH IT.

GREASE, OIL AND SAND INTERCEPTOR

DETAIL No.V-7

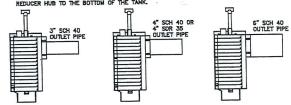
REVISED NOV. 2005



MULTIPLE FILTERS MAY BE INSTALLED TO HANDLE LARGER FLOWS.

OUTLET HUB ACCEPTS 3", 4" OR 6' PIPE.

EXTRA SUPPORT FOR THE 25" AND 32° LONG MODELS MAY BE ACHIEVED BY EXTENDING A 4" SUPPORT PIPE FROM THE REDUCER HUB TO THE BOTTOM OF THE TANK.



ZABEL A300-8 SERIES OR APPROVED EQUAL

GREASE INTERCEPTOR AND SPECIAL APPLICATIONS FILTER

DETAIL No.V-8

CITRUS COUNTY STANDARD DETAILS Current as of AUG 2018

City of Crystal River

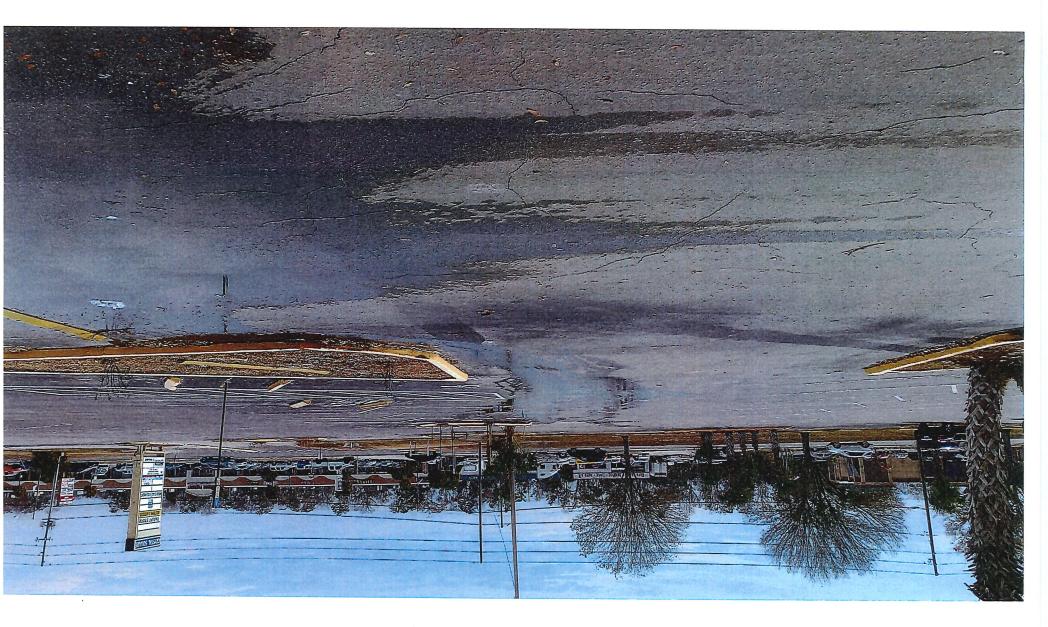
FOG & Cross Connection Ordinance Considerations

August 13, 2018

FOG/GREASE INTERCEPTORS	
ISSUE	OPTIONS
Inspections	Fee
	Or performed free by City
Permitting	Require a permit for every grease trap
	Or only require as a part of building permit
When FOG device fails / compliance	Allow 7 days for repair
schedule	30 days for plans/corrective action plan
	90 days for installation
	Or as required by City based on conditions
Unlawful discharge – not meeting schedule	Cease discharge or get water cut off
All existing facilities	Provide as-built plans within 90 days
Existing facilities whose design doesn't meet	90 days for plans
code	180 days for construction
	Alternatively: more frequent pup-outs
Frequency of cleaning	Every 60 days
	Or as needed
	By licensed hauler
Frequency of full pump-out	Minimum 1/year
	Or minimum 180 days
Record keeping	Kept by owner
	Or maintained by City if reporting is required
Reporting of cleaning, repairs	Sent to City (possibly online)
,	Or kept onsite
Training	Required and must be reported
	Or left up to owner
Grease traps connected to septic system	Included in ordinance?

CROSS CONNECTION CONTROL	
ISSUE	OPTIONS
Inspections - residential	City to provide for residential
Inspections - commercial	Owner must provide
Installation - residential	City to provide
Installation - commercial	Owner must provide
Recordkeeping	City for residential
2	Owner for commercial
Education	Frequently Asked Questions on Website,
	mailers in bills, outreach to restaurants,





Headnabh

